## **About this manual**

## Its purpose

The purpose of this manual is to help you get the best value from your vehicle. It can do so in several ways. It can help you decide what work must be done, even if you choose to have it done by a dealer service department or a repair shop; it provides information and procedures for routine maintenance and servicing; and it offers diagnostic and repair procedures to follow when trouble occurs.

We hope you use the manual to tackle the work yourself. For many simpler jobs, doing it yourself may be quicker than arranging an appointment to get the vehicle into a shop and making the trips to leave it and pick it up. More importantly, a lot of money can be saved by avoiding the expense the shop must pass on to you to cover its labor and overhead costs. An added benefit is the sense of satisfaction and accomplishment that you feel after doing the job yourself.

## Using the manual

The manual is divided into Chapters. Each Chapter is divided into numbered Sections, which are headed in bold type between horizontal lines. Each Section consists of consecutively numbered paragraphs.

At the beginning of each numbered Section you will be referred to any illustrations which apply to the procedures in that Section. The reference numbers used in illustration captions pinpoint the pertinent Section and the Step within that Section. That is, illustration 3.2 means the illustration refers to Section 3 and Step (or paragraph) 2 within

that Section.

Procedures, once described in the text, are not normally repeated. When it's necessary to refer to another Chapter, the reference will be given as Chapter and Section number. Cross references given without use of the word "Chapter" apply to Sections and/or paragraphs in the same Chapter. For example, "see Section 8" means in the same Chapter.

References to the left or right side of the vehicle assume you are sitting in the driver's seat, facing forward.

Even though we have prepared this manual with extreme care, neither the publisher nor the author can accept responsibility for any errors in, or omissions from, the information given.

### NOTE

A **Note** provides information necessary to properly complete a procedure or information which will make the procedure easier to understand.

#### CAUTION

A **Caution** provides a special procedure or special steps which must be taken while completing the procedure where the Caution is found. Not heeding a Caution can result in damage to the assembly being worked on.

### WARNING

A **Warning** provides a special procedure or special steps which must be taken while completing the procedure where the Warning is found. Not heeding a Warning can result in personal injury.

# Introduction

This manual covers the second generation of Taurus and Sable models, introduced in 1996. Taurus and Sable models are available as four-door sedans and station wagons. The available engines are:

A 3.0-liter (182-cid) V6, called the "Vulcan" engine. The Vulcan V6 is a two-valveper-cylinder, pushrod, overhead-valve (OHV) engine. Flexible-fuel versions of the Vulcan engine are available that run on gasoline and methanol-blend fuel or gasoline and ethanolblend fuel.

A 3.0-liter (181-cid) overhead camshaft (OHC) V6, called the "Duratec" engine. The Duratec V6 is a four-valve-per-cylinder engine.

A 3.4-liter (207-cid) overhead-cam V8 engine, available in Taurus SHO models only through 1999. The SHO V8 is a 4-valve-percylinder engine.

Unique features of the SHO V8 and the flexible-fuel Vulcan V6 engines are not covered by this manual.

All models have a fifth-generation electronic engine control system (EEC-V) with second-generation onboard diagnostic (OBD-II) capabilities. All engines have electronically controlled multiport fuel injection and direct (distributorless) ignition systems. OBD-II monitors engine and emission control system operation for malfunctions. The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel (also called the CHECK ENGINE lamp) will light if a component malfunction occurs.

Power from the engine is transferred through a four-speed, electronically controlled automatic transaxle and final drive assembly to the front wheels. Front driveaxles carry power from the transaxle to the front wheels.

Suspension is independent in the front, with MacPherson struts (combination coil springs and shock absorber struts) and lower control arms to locate the spindle assembly at each wheel. The rear suspension has independent control arms on each side with coil springs and shock absorbers. Sedans use a MacPherson-type strut, and station wagons have separate springs and shock absorbers.

The steering gear is a power-assisted rack-and-pinion type, mounted to the sub-frame.

The brakes are disc at the front and either drum or disc at the rear, with vacuum assist as standard equipment. An Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) is optional on all models.